



# An outdoor robotics challenge for land, sea and air

euRathlon 2013 23-27th September Berchtesgaden, Germany





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# **Eurathlon**

# Foreword

The Eurathlon project is funded by the European Union (EU) Seventh Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (FP7).

The EU has been funding research into Cognitive Systems & Robotics since May 2004 and helping Europe to become a world-leader in this field. The EU's Cognitive Systems & Robotics programme supports over 120 research projects, involving several hundred of Europe's top researchers from academia and industry, with a funding of nearly  $\in$  600 million in the last five years. It aims to make robots more intelligent, more autonomous and more capable of assisting humans in everyday tasks.

Eurathlon was selected under the 9th Call of the FP7 in Communication and Information Technologies which had the goal of speeding up progress towards smarter robots through targeted competitions.

Benchmarking and evaluation activities are essential to science and technology excellence. They allow the assessment of the performance of systems, their testing in a reproducible way and ultimately the comparison of research results. These activities are useful both to the scientific community (helping to focus efforts, exchange results, drive research and allow tangible progress) and to the industrial community (to assess quality, meet users' needs, and speed up development and testing time). They contribute to shortening the lab-to-product time and to optimising the technology-transfer lifecycle. Benchmarks and metrics also provide end-users with a means of expressing their needs in terms of robotics scenarios: tasks and environment definition and robotic systems specifications.

The Eurathlon competitions are a perfect example of such activities, demonstrating how robots can efficiently support humans in search and rescue activities, providing realistic and useful scenarios to researchers to test and evaluate their results, and contributing to a wider benchmarking culture in robotics. They are also a unique opportunity for young European researchers to meet and to share experience, and for the public who will attend the event to witness how science can contribute to well-being and progress in our daily lives.

This event could not take place without the hard work and commitment of the project members, the help of the local organisers, the patronage of the end-users and the support of the sponsors.

As the EU project officer for Eurathlon, I have the opportunity to follow its development and its findings closely. I am convinced that this first competition will stimulate a great deal of interest in the

work carried out and I wish all the participants and visitors an exciting, challenging and memorable event.

Anne Bajart, PhD

**Project Officer** 

Robotics, Directorate General Communication Networks, Content and Technology,

**European Commission** 

# Welcome to euRathlon 2013.

euRathlon 2013 is the first of three annual outdoor robotics competitions in which the focus is robots for disaster response. At present robots are not included in the standard equipment of first responder emergency services, like fire brigades. But robotics technology is coming close to the point where they could be and, in our view, should be part of that equipment. One of the aims of euRathlon is to provide robot developers with an opportunity to competitively challenge their robots in realistic mock disaster scenarios and prove that their robots are ready for the real world. Thus euRathlon will, we hope, speed up the development and adoption of smarter robots by first responder emergency services.

The focus of euRathlon 2013 is land robots, and we have created five scenarios, each consisting of a series of tasks, which these terrestrial robots must complete. The scenarios cover a number of the key competencies needed in outdoor disaster response, including mapping the disaster site, searching for objects of potential interest (e.g. survivors), turning off valves (i.e. a gas leak), finding hazardous materials and making them safe, and navigating autonomously from one place to another. In the euRathlon 2013 scenario descriptions we have specified each scenario in sufficient detail for teams to prepare their robots, but we have not prescribed the robots themselves. Teams are free to come up with whatever robot designs they think capable of tackling the scenarios. Furthermore we have not provided teams with detailed plans or videos of the scenario locations, so they cannot optimise their robots to fit. Instead the robots must enter the scenarios 'unseen' and cope with the layout or hazards they encounter, just as they would if going into a real world disaster.

An autonomous robot is a robot capable of deciding which action to take next in order to achieve its mission without human intervention or guidance, and one of the central aims of euRathlon 2013 is to test the intelligence and autonomy of the competing robots. We have developed a scoring scheme that awards points for each task successfully completed, but also deducts points each time a team member has to intervene to correct or guide their robot's behaviour. Thus, the winning robots in each scenario will be the ones that successfully complete the largest number of tasks with the least human intervention. A wider goal of euRathlon is to contribute to the development of benchmarks: performance tests that allow different robots to be compared while undertaking carefully specified standardised tasks.

Funded by the European Commission, euRathlon is an international competition that welcomes university, industry or independent teams from any country. But entering a team requires considerable preparation, energy and commitment. The teams at euRathlon 2013 have each undergone a multi-stage qualification process to make it to Berchtesgaden. That process required them to each write a Scenario Application Paper (SAP) setting out how they propose to address the technical challenges of the competition. Those papers were carefully reviewed, and comments returned to the teams. The primary task of the SAP reviewers was to check that the solutions proposed have a realistic chance of meeting the significant demands of the competition scenarios.

We are delighted by the number and diversity of teams who have qualified for euRathlon 2013, and we would like to congratulate teams for making it to Berchtesgaden, as well as wishing them every success in the competition ahead.

The longer term vision of euRathlon is a competition scenario in which no single type of robot is, on its own, adequate. Inspired by the Fukushima accident of 2011, the euRathlon 'grand challenge' will require cooperating groups of land, sea and flying robots to investigate the scene, collect environmental data, then identify – and stabilise – critical hazards. euRathlon 2013 is thus the first of three events. The focus of euRathlon 2014 will be underwater robots, and then euRathlon 2015 will add flying robots, to cover all three domains. Given the very significant technical difficulty of engineering cooperative multi-robot systems of land, sea and flying robots we encourage teams competing in euRathlon 2013 and 2014 to collaborate and form consortia for euRathlon 2015.

I am very fortunate to be leading the euRathlon project, which is formed of a consortium of 7 institutions from 5 countries. My colleagues within the consortium have internationally leading expertise in robotics combined with long experience of staging successful robotics competitions, in particular the European Land Robotics Trials (ELROB) and the Student Autonomous Underwater Robot Challenge – Europe (SAUC-E). Organising outdoor robot competitions, and the supporting workshops, is a complex undertaking and I want to thank my euRathlon colleagues for their enthusiasm, commitment and contribution to this endeavour. I am especially grateful to Dr. Frank E. Schneider and his team at the Fraunhofer FKIE for leading the local organisation of euRathlon 2013. I also want to acknowledge the European Commission for supporting euRathlon financially as well as the outstanding encouragement and advice of our Project Officer Dr. Anne Bajart.

If you are attending euRathlon 2013 as a competitor, we wish you every success and hope you find the experience of competing rewarding as well as enjoyable. If you are here as a spectator we hope you are inspired by what you see. And if you are here as an industry or end user observer we hope you will be encouraged by the robot trials that you witness here in Berchtesgaden, and that you will be persuaded to support and collaborate with teams to speed up the adoption of intelligent robots in real world disaster response applications.

On behalf of the euRathlon consortium Professor Alan Winfield, BSc, PhD, MIET, MIEEE, CEng Bristol Robotics Laboratory and Science Communication Unit University of the West of England, Bristol, UK

# Grußwort Landkreis Berchtesgadener Land und Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft

Sehr geehrte Teilnehmerinnen und Teilnehmer der EURATHLON 2013

für den Landkreis Berchtesgadener Land und die Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft ist es eine große Ehre, Gastgeber der EURATHLON 2013 zu sein.

Das Berchtesgadener Land ist bekannt für eine attraktive Tourismus- und Freizeitregion und diese hohe Lebensqualität macht die Region auch für Unternehmen außerhalb des Tourismus interessant. Viele Menschen wissen aber nicht, dass eine Reihe hochinnovativer, mittelständischer Firmen hier angesiedelt sind, die nicht selten in ihrem Bereich Technologie-, Innovations- und nicht zuletzt Marktführer und weltweit erfolgreich tätig sind, wie z.B. die sich seit zwei Jahren am Markt befindliche progenoX GmbH, die sich auf die Entwicklung hochwertiger navigationsgestützter Roboter für den Einsatz in schwierigen Situationen spezialisiert hat. "Made in BGL" findet sich aber in Form von Komponenten und Dienstleistungen auch in einer Vielzahl von weiteren Hightechprodukten in der Automobil-, Elektro-, Medizin- und Produktionstechnik sowie der Feinmechanik.

Ihre Spitzenstellung behaupten diese mittelständischen Unternehmen durch permanente Innovation, Investition und Weiterbildung. Der Landkreis selbst investiert große Anstrengungen in das neue Zukunftsfeld der Satellitennavigation mit dem weltweit einzigartigen, in Berchtesgaden gelegenen, Testgebiet für das neue europäische Navigationssystem Galileo. Die EURATLHON 2013 findet daher auch mitten im Galileo Testgebiet GATE statt. Mittlerweile ist hier ein europaweit anerkanntes Netzwerk von Unternehmen und Wissenschaftseinrichtungen zu diesem Thema entstanden, in dem neue zukunftsweisende Ideen und Produkte im Bereich Mobilität und Logistik, Sicherheit und Rettungswesen, Gesundheitswirtschaft und Tourismus, Energie. Landwirtschaft und Umwelt sowie erweiterten Dienstleistungen unter Nutzung von Satellitennavigationstechnologien entwickelt und vermarktet werden.

Insbesondere das Engagement der europäischen Raumfahrtagentur ESA in Zusammenarbeit mit dem bayerischen Wirtschaftsministerium über ein spezielles Gründerprogramm für Hightech-Gründungen im Landkreis möchte ich hier als besonders beachtenswert nennen.

Die landkreiseigene Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft hat wichtige regionalwirtschaftliche Schwerpunkte im Bereich innovativer Themenfelder, wie SatNav, moderne technologieorientierte Gesundheitsprodukte, der Nutzung regenerativer Energien oder innovativer Logistikkonzepte und der Robotertechnik.

Deswegen engagieren wir uns mit unserer Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft bei der diesjährigen EURATHLON. Hier verbinden sich Unternehmen mit Bildungseinrichtungen, universitäre und ausseruniversitäre Forschungseinrichtungen mit den nationalen und internationalen Partnern.

Es soll auf diese Weise in der Region ein innovatives Netzwerk für Robotertechnik entstehen, das nach innen dem Informationsaustausch dient und nach außen die Leistungen der einzelnen Netzwerkpartner, in erster Linie natürlich auch der Betriebe, weiterentwickelt.

Wir stehen auch als Ansprechpartner für Unternehmen zur Verfügung, die sich in diesem technologischen Umfeld bei uns weiterentwickeln wollen oder auf der Suche nach Netzwerken und Partnern sind. Bei uns finden Sie Hilfe wenn es um Fördermittel geht genauso wie bei der Vermittlung von geeigneten Produktionsstandorten oder beim Zugang zu Unternehmen und Netzwerken mit Technologietransfer, die wir oft in eigener Regie führen.

Das Berchtesgadener Land ist ein hervorragender Standort für Unternehmensgründungen, mit seiner Lage zwischen hochrangigen Universitäten in München, Rosenheim, Salzburg und Urstein, seiner Nähe zur Stadt Salzburg und ihrem Flughafen, sowie der guten Verkehrsanbindung über Autobahn und Schiene. Aber auch mit einem Umfeld von vielen innovativen mittelständischen Unternehmen die in der Zulieferung von Komponenten oder in der Nutzung von Lösungen und Verfahren der Robotertechnik eine wichtige Rolle spielen können. Hinzu kommt ein Lebensumfeld von höchster Qualität, das beste Voraussetzungen für kreative und innovative Entwicklungsprozesse bietet.

Ich wünsche der Tagung und Ihren Teilnehmern viel Erfolg während der Tagung und der Entwicklung ihrer Robotersysteme und freue mich, wenn wir mit vielen von Ihnen in Verbindung bleiben können.

Dr. Thomas Birner

Geschäftsführer

Wirtschaftsförderungsgesellschaft Berchtesgadener Land

# EURATHLON 2013, Berchtesgaden

EURATHLON will provide real-world robotics challenges for outdoor robots in demanding scenarios. The trials and scenarios are chosen with regards to an important research topic of the European Union: "Restoring security and safety in case of crises." This field of research addresses all major robotics goals such as cognition, autonomy, adaptivity and robustness. Ideally, autonomous flying, land and underwater robots should act together to survey the situation, collect environmental data, and identify potential hazards.



To combine the land, sea and air robotics domains in one joint competition, EURATHLON brings together partners experienced in two well-established outdoor robotics competitions: the European Land Robot Trials (ELROB) and the Student Autonomous Underwater Challenge - Europe (SAUC-E). The experiences gathered in these events will transferred into EURATHLON, and together with the key scientific objectives targeted in EURATHLON 2013 (autonomous navigation & control and robust sensing & acting) they build the ground work to a large joint competition.

In 2015 EURATHLON will finally culminate in a grand challenge: air, land and sea robots collaborating in a post-disaster situation similar to the one encountered in Fukushima. Flying robots will map the area of intervention and collect environmental data. Underwater vehicles would sense for chemical spillage at sea. The land robots might gather close-in data and enter buildings. Thus, EURATHLON will create a not only European but world leading robotics event, yielding a boost in scientific progress as well as an increasing public awareness and acceptance of smart robots. For further information concerning the future development of EURATHLON have a look at www.eurathlon.eu.

The EURATHLON trials will be co-designed alongside a set of performance benchmarks, evaluating intelligence, autonomy, robustness etc. in the context of particular real-world scenarios and environments. The benchmarks will be proposed and developed in an open process, adapting existing best practices in the robotics community.

Although all system and hardware designs, algorithms etc. of robots entered for trials will, of course, remain the property of their teams, the organizers strongly encourage teams to allow publishing of data collected during trials. These data sets will provide other teams with the means for detailed comparative analysis.

Several workshops with a focus on EURATHLON trials and benchmarks will take place, intended primarily for student / researcher competitors, or teams planning to compete in EURATHLON. Major aim of these workshops is both, building a shared understanding of the challenges of real-world

robotics and cross-fertilising ideas across (often detached) research communities in land, water and flying robotics.

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# Competition



EURATHLON 2013, Berchtesgaden

# **Chief Judge Team**

Dr.-Ing. Michael Gustmann

Operations Manager of Kerntechnische Hilfsdienst GmbH

# Dipl.-Ing. Thomas Zawadke

CEO, Feuerwehr-Fahrzeugtechnik Zawadke

# Prof. Dr. Juha Röning

Head of Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering, University of Oulu, Finland

# Kenneth A. Pink

MBE, C.Eng C.MarEng M.I.M echE M.I.MarEST A. I, ExpE Snr. Project Engineer and Technical Lead for QinetiQ's Project GHOST

# Dr. Frank E. Schneider

Head of EuropeanRobotics Chair of NATO RTG-052/IST-107









# **Competition Teams**

ELP	
E15	
NAMT	
Robotics Inventions	
IAIR	
Telerob	
ARTOR	
RIS	
ENSTA Bretagne	
MuCAR	
SpaceApps	
Fraunhofer FKIE	
SCentRo	

## ELP

### **Team Information**

Team name:	ELP	
Team leader:	Colin Weiss	
Team leader's email:	cweiss@elp-gmbh.de	
Nationality	Germany	
Website	http://www.elp-gmbh.de	
Location:	Wuppertal	
Institution/Company:	ELP GmbH, European Logistic Partners	
Adress:	Nützenberger Straße 359 42115 Wuppertal, Germany	
Tel.:	+49 202-698940	
Fax:	+49 202-6989410	

### Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure
	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO
	EOR/EOD/IEDD/CIED (for professionals only)

#### **Team Description**

ELP GmbH is distributing iRobot's range of robotic systems within German-speaking Europe and provides Service and Training for these systems within all of Europe. In addition, ELP is developing accessories and additional capabilities for the iRobot equipment.

#### Vehicle



#### Basic data

Height (max):	2210 cm (Total height from ground to top, arm extended)
Height (min)	40,7 cm
Width:	40,6 cm
Length:	69 cm
Weight:	33,3 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	7,62 cm
Average noise level:	
Climbing performance:	43 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Track
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	12 -15 hrs
Max. speed:	9,3 km/h
Payload:	35 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

WLAN 802.11 b/g; Alternative: 802.11a 2,4 GHz (Alternative 4.9 GHz)

0.4 Watts max. OFDM 11, fixed to channel 6; Alternative: 15

4 Colour Cameras, 1 with 312x zoom and low light mode one input for an auxiliary camera (FLIR or Wide-Angle as per mission requirements) Optional, depending on system configuration Built-in, includes magnetic compass, pitch and roll sensors Absolute and relative encoders Y-Ray imaging (Real-time and Image-Plate, HazMat Sensor kit (Radiation, Chemical Warfare Agents, Toxic industrial chemicals, Oxygen concentration, temperature, humidity), Explosives detection kit

Sensor equipment

Vision

GPS Inertial measurement unit

Joint position and movement Other sensors (auxiliary

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers

Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 1 fixed (Main Computer), second modular (User Assist Payload) 1 each Intel Core2Duo Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel Core2Duo Mobile T5500, 2 x 1.66 GHz
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	352 x 284 x 64 cm
Weight of control station	6 kg
Power source needed	110/230V, 150W when operating on mains

# E15

### **Team Information**

Team name:	E15	
Team leader:	Michael Eisele	
Team leader's email:	Michi.eisele@web.de	
Nationality	Germany	
Website	http://www.ftag-esslingen.de	
Location:	Esslingen am Neckar	
Institution/Company:	University of Applied Sciences Esslingen	
Adress:	Kanalstraße 33, 73728 Esslingen am Neckar, Germany	
Tel.:	+49 160-96445135	
Fax:	+49 7121-161872	

### Competition

Competition	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material	
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure	
	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO	

**Team Description** 

We are a group of 16 Students, studying at the university of applied sciences Esslingen. Our aim is to build an autonomous vehicle which can be used for different jobs on a small airfield and off road material handling.

### Vehicle

Picture of vehicle	Monique	Orburger Angegerature for 2 Prosent Constructions in all Constructions in all Constru
Name of vehicle		

#### Basic data:

Height (max):	250 cm
Height (min)	225cm
Width:	175 cm
Length:	490 cm
Weight:	1800 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	22 cm
Average noise level:	87 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	43 degree
Wheel or track driven:	4 Wheels
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	5 hrs
Max. speed:	45 km/h
Payload:	650 kg

communication equipment	
Device 1	
Туре:	WLAN
Frequency	2400 MHz
Possible frequency range:	from 2400 to 2485 MHz
Power:	100 mW
Modulation:	OFDM
Number of channels	13
Sensor equipment	
	these ALASCA 240° horizontal field of view 2.4° vertical field of
Laser	Ibeo ALASCA, 240° horizontal field of view, 3,4° vertical field of
	view, 12,5 Hz, resolution: 4 cm distance, 0,125° angle, range: 200 m
Ultrasonic	
Oltrasoffic	10 sensors for emergency stop function, parking and slow
	movement, located around the vehicle, range 8 m, resolution 1 cm
Vision	5 High resolution cameras (5 mounted on the roof with night
	vision capabilities, 1 mounted on the front bumper, and 2 on
	the rear bumber), 2 lower resolution camera (1 mounted on the
	roof, 1 mounted behind the drivers cabin) for manual remote
	control, if necessary.
GPS	1 FV-M8 5Hz 32 channel DGPS (accuracy ~ 5 m), 1 EM-406A 1Hz
	20 channel (accuracy ~ 10m)
Radar	3 Bosch SR3 70GHz Doppler, 1 mounted on the roof (turning), 1
	mounted on the front bumper, 1 mounted on the read bumper
Inertial measurement unit	3 Axis accelerometer +/- 11g, 3 axis turn rate sensor, 3 axis
	magnetic field sensor
	č

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s)

5 Several consumer CPUs Arch Linux, Embedded Windows 8

5

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	0/1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel Core i7 3615QM
Operating system	Windows 7
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	100x45x50 mm
Weight of control station	4 kg
Power source needed	230V with 500W

### NAMT

### **Team Information**

Team name:	NAMT	
Team leader:	Igor Kudryashov	
Team leader's email:	igor8484.1084@mail.ru	
Nationality	Russia	
Website	http://www.	
Location:	Nizhny Novgorod	
Institution/Company:	Nizhny Novgorod Automotive Technical School (NAMT)	
Adress:	Lenin avenue, 111, 603004 Nizhny Novgorod	
Tel.:	+7 831-295-91-22	
Fax:		

### Competition

Competition	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO

#### **Team Description**

The «NAMT» Team entry into the ELROB2013. The team consisting of students and staff of the two institutions:

- Nizhny Novgorod Automotive Technical School
- Moscow State Technical University named after N.E. Bauman

#### Vehicles

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	CyberMobile	

Basic data	
Height (max):	100 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)
Height (min)	72 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle)
Width:	80 cm
Length:	116 cm
Weight:	120 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	15 cm
Average noise level:	60 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	12 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Wheel
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	1,5 hrs
Max. speed:	25 km/h
Payload:	60 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Wi-Fi access point 2400 MHz From 2400 to 2472 MHz 0.63 Watts DSSS 12

#### Sensor equipment

Vision GPS

Radar Inertial measurement unit IP-Camera Smartec STC-IP3301/A1 Included in Strapdown Inertial Navigation System CompaNav-2T HOKUYO UTM-30LX-EW, HOKUYO UBG-04LX-F01 Strapdown Inertial Navigation System CompaNav-2T

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	2
Number of CPUs	5
Type of CPU	X86
Operating system(s)	Windows 7, VxWorks
Basic data about control station	

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1/2
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel Core 7
Operating system	Windows 7
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	Notebook
Weight of control station	3,4 kg
Power source needed	110-220V, 150W

# **Robotics Inventions**

### **Team Information**

Team name:	RI Spirit	
Team leader:	Marek Sadowski	
Team leader's email:	eurathlon@roboticsinventions.com	
Nationality	Poland	
Website	http://www.roboticsinventions.com	
Location:	Warsaw	
Institution/Company:	Robotics Inventions	
Adress:	Marynarska 14, 02-674 Warsaw, Poland	
Tel.:	+48 888333627	
Fax:	+48 224658453	

### Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure
	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO

#### **Team Description**

Robotics Inventions is a New Product Development company delivering in 6 months preproduction prototypes (including Bill of Material), excelling in fully-and semi-autonomous robots, vision systems, the autonomy module RI SPIRIT, the robot swarm management system RIFLEET, innovative user interfaces and various components, having a dedicated production facility, as well as the robotics professional services. Our mission is to design and manufacture semi-and fully-autonomous robots and its parts to allow human telepresence in harsh and extraterrestrial environments as well as to undertake dangerous & repetitive tasks on human behalf. Moreover we offer RI Professional Services to companies and organizations seeking support in designing and implementing solutions that require dedicated electronics, mechanical constructions, automatics, robotics, autonomous software and artificial intelligence. In addition Robotics Inventions aspire to deliver a flexible autonomous component to animate any hardware. Robotics Inventions is going to present its cornerstone terrestrial products for Industrial, Prevention and Public sectors: A-BOT robot light and standard configurations. The A-BOT robot is designed to be a powerful semiautonomous mobile vehicle suitable for urban and offroad applications. Robotics Inventions' robots are suitable for autonomous patrol, reconnaissance and mule missions.

# Vehicle 1 Picture of vehicle Image: Comparison of the image: Compa

#### Basic data

Height (max):	40 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)
Height (min)	40 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle
Width:	55 cm
Length:	55 cm
Weight:	35 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	5 cm
Average noise level:	50 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	25 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Wheel
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	5 hrs
Max. speed:	10 km/h
Payload:	5 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1	
Type:	WLAN 802.11b
Frequency	2400 MHz
Possible frequency range:	From 2400 to 2800 MHz
Power:	10 mWatts(20dbm)
Modulation:	
Number of channels	13

#### Sensor equipment

Vision	2 x Digital Camera
GPS	1x
Ultrasonic sensors	8x
Lidar	1x

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	2
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	ARM
Operating system(s)	Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	!/1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel Pentium Mobile 2GHz
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	300 x 400 x 250 cm(LxWxH)
Weight of control station	2 kg
Power source needed	230V with 600W

# Vehicle 2 Picture of vehicle Name of vehicle

#### Basic data

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 125 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.) 37 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle 51 cm 101 cm 100 kg 10 cm 60 dB(A) 35 degree Track Batteries 2 hrs 15 km/h 90 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

IHz

#### Sensor equipment

Vision GPS Ultrasonic sensors Lidar 2 x Digital Camera 2x 12x 1x

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	2
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	ARM
Operating system(s)	Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	!/1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel Pentium Mobile 2GHz
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	300 x 400 x 250 cm(LxWxH)
Weight of control station	2 kg
Power source needed	230V with 600W

# IAIR

#### **Team Information**

Team name:	IMM-IAIR	
Team leader:	Janusz Bedkowski	
Team leader's email:	januszbedkowski@gmail.com	
Nationality	Poland	
Website	http://www.gpuformobilerobot- github.com	
Location:	Warsaw	
Institution/Company:	Institute of Mathematical Machines with the collaboration of Institute of Automatic Control and Robotics	
Adress:	Ul. Krzywickiego 34, 02-078 Warsaw, Poland	
Tel.:	+48 501090020	
Fax:		

#### Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure

**Team Description** 

After successful CELROB 2011 we decided to improve our mobile platform (IAIR team). It is equipped with rotated LMS 100, therefore it can navigate in 3D environment. The novelty in proposed approach is based on GPGPU computation for 3D cloud of points processing. Robot can filter, sub sample and register 3D data on line. It can build consistent map based on 6DSLAM algorithm<sup>1</sup>. The new approach is related to use semantic information for loop closing detection. Semantic information is also sent to base station and it can be used for further decision support.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Janusz Marian Bedkowski, Andrzej Maslowski, Geert De Cubber, (2012) "Real time 3D localization and mapping for USAR robotic application", Industrial Robot: An International Journal, Vol. 39 Iss: 5

#### Vehicle

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	MSAS	

#### Basic data

Height (max):	70 cm
Height (min)	70 cm
Width:	60 cm
Length:	80 cm
Weight:	25 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	7 cm
Average noise level:	60 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	20 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Wheel
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	2 hrs
Max. speed:	1,5
Payload:	5 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1	
Туре:	WLAN
Frequency	2,4 GHz
Possible frequency range:	
Power:	20 Watt
Modulation:	
Number of channels	

#### Sensor equipment

Laser Vision GPS Radar Inertial measurement unit Rotated SICK LMS100 CCD camera XSense MTI-G None InertialCube 3

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Additional Information

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s)	1 1 Intel i7 Windows 7
Basic data about control station	
Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators (mandatory/optional)	1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel i7
Operating system	Windows 7
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	Laptop
Weight of control station	7 kg
Power source needed	230V

# Telerob

#### **Team Information**

Team name:	Telerob	
Team leader:	Dr. Andreas Ciossek	
Team leader's email:	ciossek@telerob.de	
Nationality	Germany	
Website	www.telerob.de	
Location:	Germany	
Institution/Company:	Telerob Gesellschaft für Fernhantierungstechnik mbH trading as Cobham Mission Equipment	
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Mobil:	+49 1727498689	

# Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure
	EOR/EOD/IEDD/CIED (for professionals only)

#### **Team Description**

To develop machines, equipment and systems that protect or replace human beings in situations where their presence would be either impossible or place them at great risk. This is the motto, motivation and mission of telerob Gesellschaft für Fernhantierungstechnik mbH . Whether it's one of our Master-Slave Manipulators being used to dismantle a nuclear facility or an EOD robot being used to disarm a dangerous explosive device, protecting people and their surroundings is always our paramount concern anytime one of our products is deployed. Our engineers and specialists in the fields of electrical engineering, electronics and precision mechanical engineering combine creativity and competence in the quest for advanced solutions in the worlds of bomb disposal and remote handling technology. The telerob range of products encompasses EOD robots (tEODor and teleMAX), completely equipped bomb disposal vehicles (TEL600), bomb disposal equipment, non-magnetic special tools (NOMATOOLS), as well as manipulators for servicing, maintaining and dismantling nuclear facilities (EMSM). A highly qualified, highly motivated staff provides our worldwide client base not merely with innovative products developed and manufactured in accordance with the very highest standards but also with the training and instruction needed to ensure their effective use. telerob is an official NATO supplier and development partner (NATO supplier code: C 5152). Furthermore we conform to the requirements of AQAP

# Vehicle Image: Constraint of the integration of the integrated of the integration

260 cm (Total height from ground to top,

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

	including antennas etc.)
Height (min)	75 cm
Width:	40 cm
Length:	160 cm(flipper horizontally extended)
Weight:	80 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	10 cm
Average noise level:	
Climbing performance:	45 degree
Wheel or track driven:	4 tracks
Propulsion:	Battery
Endurance:	4 hrs
Max. speed:	10 km/h
Payload:	10 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Possible frequency range:

Number of channels

Device 1

Frequency

Modulation:

Type:

Power:

Data communication link 1 Radio 434 MHz From 433 to 435 MHz Up to 1000mW

80

Data communication link 2(optional) Radio 2353 MHz From 2353 to 2381 MHz 5000mW

5



#### Sensor equipment

Vision

GPS Radiation Gas CWA, TIC 1xcolour camera with 10xoptical zoom, auto focus and integrated LED illumination Garmin 16-HVS, Average accuracy 15m Thermo Electron RadEye-PRD or other Dräger Xam7000 or other N.N.

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 1

VxWorks

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:

VAVVOIRS



Number of operators(mandatory/optional) Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system Space needed for control station(LxWxH) Weight of control station Power source needed Additional Information

#### 1/3 3

Windows Size of Sprinter: 7500x2500x3200 cm 5000 kg Optional 230V with 1600W

# ARTOR

#### **Team Information**

Team name:	ARTOR	
Team leader:	Philipp Krüsi	
Team leader's email:	Phillip.kruesi@mavt.ethz.ch	
Nationality	Switzerland	
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Location:	Switzerland	
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Fax:	+41 446321181	

#### Competition

Competition	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO

#### **Team Description**

Team ARTOR is a collaboration between the Autonomous Systems Lab (ASL) at ETH Zürich, RUAG Defence and armasuisse W+T. The team is composed of Researchers and technical staff at ASL and RUAG Defence, under the leadership of Philipp Krüsi (PhD student, ETH/ASL) and Dr. Thomas Nussbaumer (Head of the armasuisse research program UGV, RUAG Defence). The focus of our research lies in fully autonomous navigation in rough and three-dimensional outdoor terrain. This includes localization and terrain mapping based on laser range measurements and stereo vision, as well as system-compliant motion planning. Our robot ARTOR (Autonomous Rough Terrain Outdoor Robot) is a 6-wheeled, skid-steered electric vehicle. An array of onboard sensors is used for monitoring the robot's state and gathering information about the environment for online mapping, localization and obstacle avoidance. The equipment includes a rotating 3D laser scanner, two 2D laser scanners, a stereo camera, a GPS receiver and an inertial measurement unit. Furthermore, a pan-tilt-zoom unit containing both a visual and a thermal camera is installed. All data processing for autonomous navigation, including mapping, localization, path planning, obstacle avoidance and motion control, is performed on the onboard computer, using the robot operating system ROS.

#### Vehicle

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	ARTOR	

#### Basic data

Height (max):	125 cm
Height (min)	125 cm
Width:	75 cm
Length:	140 cm
Weight:	330 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	14 cm
Average noise level:	60 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	30 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Wheels
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	2 hrs
Max. speed:	9 km/h
Payload:	50 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

#### Device 2

Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

#### Device 3

Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

#### **Device 4**

Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

#### Device 5

Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

- WLAN 802.11 b/g/n 2400 MHz From 2400 to 2500 MHz 100 mW OFDM 16
- COFDM Video/data sender 1150 MHz From 1150 to 1300 MHz Adjustable, max. 1000 mW COFDM: QPSK/16QAM 10
- Telemetry sender 916 MHz From 916 to 921 MHz Adjustable, max. 2000 mW FSK 3
- Emergency stop sender 434 MHz 434 MHz < 10 mW FM – narrow bandwith

Quad Band GSM modem 850/900/1800/1900 MHz

#### Sensor equipment

Laser

Vision:

GPS: Inertial measurement unit: 1 x Velodyne HDL-32E 2 x Sick LMS 151 1 x Point Grey Bumblebee2(stereo, front) 1 x AVT Stingray(mono, back) 2 x color camera(1 front, 1 back) 1 x pan-tilt-zoom unit with thermal and visual camera Trimble Pathfinder ProXH Xsens MTi

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 1 4 Intel Core i7 2.6 GHz Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1/2
Number of computers	2
Number of CPUs	4/1
Type of CPU	Inte
Operating system	Lin
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	100
Weight of control station	10
Power source needed	230

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 2 4/1 Intel Core i7 1,7 GHz Linux/Windows 100x200x100 cm 10 kg 230V with 500W

# RIS

#### **Team Information**

Team name:	RIS	
Team leader:	Simon Lacroix	L
Team leader's email:	simon.lacroix@laas.fr	
Nationality	France	
Website	http://www.laas.fr	
Location:	France	
Institution/Company:	LAAS/CNRS	
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# Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures	
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure	
	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO	

#### **Team Description**

Autonomous mobile robotics has been a research topic studied at LAAS/CNRS since the late 70's. We have always favored a constructive and integrative wayof thinking robotics, aiming at defining robotics as a wholesome scientific discipline. A wide variety of problems are studied: environment perception and modeling, path planning, task planning, task execution control, motion control, decisional architecture, heterogeneous multirobots systems, learning, human robot interaction... In field robotics, our focus is currently on aero-terrestrial multi-robot systems. Our vehicles are the rovers *Mana* and *Minnie*, two SegWay RMP400 that have been equipped at LAAS with a stereovision bench, a Velodyne Lidar, a solid-state inertial measurement unit and a fiber-optic gyro. The main robotics functionalities we aim at demonstrating cover the wide range of classical functions related to autonomous navigation: robot localization, terrain mapping, motion generation... and multi-robot cooperation.

#### Vehicles

Name of vehicle	Mana	
	Minnie	

#### Basic data

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 120 cm (total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.) 90 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle) 80 cm 115 cm 130 kg 10 cm ??? dB(A) 30 degree Wheels Batteries

2 hrs 30 km/h 90 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz From 5.15 to 5.35 GHz 600 mWatts 64 QAM 13

Emergency Stop
Туре:
Frequency
Possible frequency range:
Power:
Modulation:
Number of channels

GPS corrections transmission Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Serial Modem 868 869.40 / 869.65 250 mW SF FSK 1

FM

433,92 MHz 433.90 / 434.10

10 mW FM 2

Sensor equipment	
Laser	1 Velodyne HDL-64E Lidar
Vision	2xMarlin F131-B FireWire cameras mounted on
	a Directed Perception Pan&Tilt unit
GPS	Novatel OEM4 RTK-DGPS. Average accuracy
	2.0cm (at best)
Gyro	1 KVH E-Core 5000 Fiber-optic gyrometer

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	2
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	Intel i7 and Core 2 Duo
Operating system(s)	Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1/3
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Intel i7
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	300x400x250(LxWxH)
Weight of control station	A few kg
Power source needed	230V with 500Watts
Additional Information	

# **ENSTA Bretagne**

### **Team Information**

Team name:	ENSTA Bretagne	
Team leader:	Adrien Bellaiche	
Team leader's email:	adrien.bellaiche@gmail.com	
Nationality	France	
Website	http://www.ensta-bretagne.fr	
Location:	France	
Institution/Company:	ENSTA Bretagne	
Adress:	2 rue Francois Verny, 29806 Brest Cedex 9	
Tel.:		
Fax:	+33 298348750	

#### Competition

Competition	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure

#### **Team Description**

A little team of students and researchers in the fields of robotics from the graduate and postgraduate institute ENSTA Bretagne.

#### Vehicle 1

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	Tracker	

Basic data	
Height (max):	30 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)
Height (min)	
Width:	40 cm
Length:	80 cm
Weight:	20 kg
Turning diameter:	
Ground clearance:	6 cm
Average noise level:	40 dB(A)
Climbing performance:	30 degree
Wheel or track driven:	Wheel
Propulsion:	Batteries
Endurance:	1 to 2 hrs
Max. speed:	
Payload:	None

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1	
Туре:	WIFI b/g/n
Frequency	2,4 GHz
Possible frequency range:	2,4 GHz
Power:	
Modulation:	Digital
Number of channels	2

#### Sensor equipment

Vision

GPS

Acoustic Camera based on ultrasonic sensors and Arduino Arduino compatible GPS

#### Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	1 on each
Number of CPUs	1
Type of CPU	Raspberry Pi
Operating system(s)	Linux

#### Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1 mandatory
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	4
Type of CPU	Intel i5
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	60cm x 40cm x 30cm
Weight of control station	5 kg
Power source needed	On battery for 2 hours, then electric
Additional Information	

#### Vehicle 2

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	Buggy	

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min) Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 20 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)

15 cm 40 cm 5 kg 6 cm 40 dB(A) 30 degree

Wheel Batteries 1 to 2 hrs 15 km/h None

## **Communication equipment**

Device 1	
Туре:	WIFI b/g/n
Frequency	2,4 GHz
Possible frequency range:	2,4 GHz
Power:	
Modulation:	Digital
Number of channels	2

## Sensor equipment

GPS

Arduino compatible GPS

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU	1 on each 1 Raspberry Pi
Operating system(s)	Linux
Basic data about control station	
Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	None
Number of computers	0
Number of CPUs	0
Type of CPU	
Operating system	
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	None
Weight of control station	0
Power source needed	0
Additional Information	We'll use 4 or 5 buggies. They are completely
	autonomous, and adequate their position to

EURATHLON 2013, Berchtesgaden

make a wireless bridge between the control station of the tracker and the tracker itself

# MuCAR

## **Team Information**

Team leader:Prof. DrIng. Hans "Joe" WünscheImage: State Stat	Team name:	MuCAR	
NationalityGermanyWebsitehttp://www.unibw.de/tasLocation:MunichInstitution/Company:University of the Bundeswehr MunichAdress:LRT8 TAS, 85577 NeubibergTel.:+49 896004-3588	Team leader:	Prof. DrIng. Hans "Joe" Wünsche	
Website <a href="http://www.unibw.de/tas">http://www.unibw.de/tas</a> Location:MunichInstitution/Company:University of the Bundeswehr MunichAdress:LRT8 TAS, 85577 NeubibergTel.:+49 896004-3588	Team leader's email:	Joe.wuensche@unibw.de	
Location:MunichInstitution/Company:University of the Bundeswehr MunichAdress:LRT8 TAS, 85577 NeubibergTel.:+49 896004-3588	Nationality	Germany	
Institution/Company:University of the Bundeswehr MunichAdress:LRT8 TAS, 85577 NeubibergTel.:+49 896004-3588	Website	http://www.unibw.de/tas	
Adress:         LRT8 TAS, 85577 Neubiberg           Tel.:         +49 896004-3588	Location:	Munich	
Tel.: +49 896004-3588	Institution/Company:	University of the Bundeswehr Munich	
	Adress:	LRT8 TAS, 85577 Neubiberg	
Fax: +49 896004-3074	Tel.:	+49 896004-3588	
	Fax:	+49 896004-3074	

## Competition

Competition	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO	

#### **Team Description**

Team MuCAR develops and operates MuCAR-3, and is headed by Prof. Dr.-Ing. H.-J. Wuensche, chair for "Autonomous Systems Technology" and head of the identically named institute. Our vehicle is named "MuCAR-3", the third generation of our Munich Cognitive, Autonomous Robot Cars. The first two vehicle generations drove on German Autobahns under the leadership of Prof. Dickmanns as far back as 1987; both vehicles have retired to museums. MuCAR-3 is based on a stock VW Touareg with a V6 TDI engine, modified to allow computer control of steering, brake, throttle and automatic gearbox. Full body skid plates allow testing in rough terrain. Apart from inertial sensors we continue to focus on vision as a main sensor for perception, as this sensor provides most of the information humans need for driving. In addition we use a high definition 360 degree Laser Scanner mounted on the roof of the vehicle. It is advantageous in special applications such as off-road driving, until our vision systems can fully cope with those scenarios as well. The main vision sensors are 3 forward looking cameras placed on a two-axis platform inside the vehicle. The arrangement resembles the human vision system, with a tele-camera as "fovea" and 2 slightly outward pointed wide angle cameras for peripheral vision. All cameras are mounted on a yaw axis platform to allow for active control of the horizontal viewing direction, while the view of the tele-camera with its narrow field of view is inertially stabilized. Our robust and fast 4D-approach to perception has been augmented by an innovative fusion of vision and lidar data and excels in offroad environments featuring poor GPS conditions. Team MuCAR participated at the ELROB 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2012 and - together with TU Karlsruhe and TU Munich through Team AnnieWAY – at the DARPA Urban Challenge 2007, where this team was one of only 11 teams which made it into the finals on 3 Nov. 2007.

### Vehicle

Picture of Vehicle		
Name of Vehicle	MuCAR-3	

193 cm

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min) Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 205 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)

480 cm 2800 kg 30 cm 81 dB(A) 45 degree Wheel Fuel(Diesel), Volkswagen 3.0 ltr V6 TDI 8 hrs 205 km/h > 250 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type:

Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels Wireless Radio Modem; optional, for use with a local D-GPS base station only

Device 2 Type:

Wireless LAN; optional, for communication between multiple vehicles only

Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Sensor equipment	
Vision	3 RGB cameras with wide-angle & tele-lens, mounted on custom build 2 axis platform inside the vehicle
	1 IR-camera mounted on top of vehicle 1 color night vision camera mounted inside the
	vehicle
Lidar	Velodyne HDL64E-S2 3D LIDAR System
INS	OxTS RT3003: Full 6 DOF IMU system with
	integrated D-GPS system
MEMS Gyros:	1 for internal camera pitch axis stabilisation

### Computing equipment on vehicle

Vehicle control: Camera platform Central Vehicle Computer dSpace Autobox dSpace MicroAutobox Double Hexa Core Intel Xeon System used for: - Vision analysis, feature extraction and object detection - Situation analysis and behavior decision

- Path planning

- Attention Selection

Linux

Operating system(s)

## Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station: Number of operators(mandatory/optional) Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system Space needed for control station(LxWxH) Weight of control station Power source needed Additional Information

Control station is mounted inside the vehicle. No external control station

# SpaceApps

## **Team Information**

Team name:	SPACEAPPS	
Team leader:	Jeremi Gancet	
Team leader's email:	jeremi.gancet@spaceapplications.com	
Nationality	Belgium	
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## Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure
	EOR/EOD/IEDD/CIED (for professionals only)

**Team Description** 

Group of 6 Company staffs (robotic systems team and more)

## Vehicle

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	MILOU	

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 150 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.) 39 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle without mast) 67 cm 99 cm 67 kg 13 cm 70 dB(A) 45 degree Wheel Batteries(24V 20Ah Sealed Lead Acid) 1 hrs 3.6 km/h 10.6 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type:

Frequency Possible frequency range: Power:

Modulation: Number of channels WLAN (IEEE802.11b/g/n), 2 TPLink TL-ANT2405 (AntennaWireless Radio Modem; optional, for use with a local D-GPS base station only 2.4 GHz Unknown 2x5 dBi antenna, integrated wifi module with unkown power Unknown Unknown

#### Sensor equipment

Laser Vision GPS Inertial measurement unit Hokuyo LRF URG-04LX Point Grey BumbleBee XB3 BBX3 12S2C-38 XSens MTi-G / Septentrio AsteRx2i HDC XSens MTi-G / XSens MTi

## Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 1 Mini ITX 1 Dual Core AMD 1.6 GHz Linux

## Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station: Number of operators(mandatory/optional) Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system Space needed for control station(LxWxH) Weight of control station Power source needed Additional Information

1 or more 1 or 2(Laptops/PCs) 1 each Intel CORE i5 or Core i7 Linux / Windows XP / Windows 7 100cm x 200cm x 250cm (LxWxH) 25 kg(with table) 220-240V

# Fraunhofer FKIE

## **Team Information**

Team name:	Team FKIE	
Team leader:	Dirk Schulz	
Team leader's email:	elrob@fkie.fraunhofer.de	
Nationality	Germany	
Website	http://www.fkie.fraunhofer.de	
Location:	Wachtberg	
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# Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Autonomous navigation using GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO

## **Team Description**

The FKIE employs currently 300 staff members, who perform studies in computer science and ergonomics with application to diverse research area of command & control, communications, intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (C3ISR). A distinctive aspect of the FKIE methodology is the fact that we are as accomplished in technology as we are in the so called "human factor". As experts in ergonomics we know how to equip technologies with user interfaces that are easy to operate and control. Also unique to us is the fact that we handle the entire data processing chain from acquisition to display allowing us to work in highly specialized units or interdisciplinary teams according to the project's requirements.

- Analysis, modelling and evaluation of military data formats and processes
- Distributed data processing in heterogeneous systems (interoperability)
- Information and knowledge management
- Communication in heterogeneous networks
- Analysis and evaluation of sensor data sets
- Protection of data networks against interference or cyber attacks
- Ergonomic user interfaces for intelligent support of users.

The research group Unmanned Systems of the Fraunhofer-Institut for Communication, Information Processing and Ergonomics (FKIE) is actively researching in the area of unmanned systems for more than 20 years. Our main expertise is the development and evaluation of complex human-robot systems. The main focus is on the RSTA and CBRNE-reconnaissance missions using heterogeneous multi-robot systems. Working with such multi-robot systems is a competitive task for the operator. Even a single robot utilizes several different sensors and provides a high degree of mobility, which all need to be controlled by the operator. The research group Unmanned Systems approaches this challenge through intelligent assistance functions. The operator is supported by these assistance functionalities on all levels, ranging from navigating a single robot to complex planning problems of multi-robot systems. Assisting the operator is achieved by two key components. First, we enhance the autonomous capabilities of each single robot, and second, we reduce the burden on the operator through the assistance functions. Navigation algorithms like obstacle avoidance in dynamic environments as well as methods to improve the presentation of available information are both examples of such functions. Our key skill is the development of innovative tools for human-robot interaction and cooperation. For this purpose new developments are constantly integrated in experimental systems and evaluated in co-operation with security authorities and organizations as well as the German army.

#### The Unmanned Systems department:

The Research Group Unmanned Systems as part of the FKIE develops innovative techniques for the efficient guidance of human-multi robot systems within military applications. Remote-controlled unmanned mobile systems have high demands on the operator's concentration and cognitive abilities, especially if the control is to be maintained over long time periods. In order to increase the efficiency and the available deployment options, the research group develops assistance functions

which enable the operator to guide the mobile systems on a high level of abstraction, while the robots execute the required low-level commands autonomously. Additionally, the research group serves as consultant and evaluator for the German army. The booth presents an overview of the current activities of the FKIE regarding Unmanned Systems, in particular

- The experimental CBRNE Reconnaissance Platform
- NEC techniques for multi robot systems
- Mobile 3D world model generation
- Autonomous outdoor navigation

European Land-Robot Trials (ELROB)

## Vehicle 1

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	GARM	

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 141 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.) 141 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle without mast) 74 cm 178 cm 400 kg 10 cm 60 dB(A) 40 degree Track

Batteries 4 hrs 13 km/h 250 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Device 2 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Device 3 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Device 4 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels Debug Interface WLAN 802.11b 2400 MHz 2400 to 2500 MHz 0.1W GMSK/8PSK/QPSK/16QAM 13

Wide Range Data Connection Wideband Radio Modem 160 MHz 157 to 160 MHz 25W 2GMSK 128

Video Data Link COFDM video transmitter 370 MHz 250 to 390 MHz 1W QPSK 15

Emergency Halt Radiosafe Link 433 MHz 433 to 435 MHz 0.01 FM 64



### Sensor equipment

Laser Vision

GPS Inertial measurement unit 2xSick LMS 511, 1xVelodyne HDL-64E Self-manufactured 360°-Cam with dual ACTi 4xMPEG4 video grabbers OxTS RT3002 OxTS RT3002

## Computing equipment on vehicle

**Basic data about control station** Pictures of control station:

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 1 4 Intel Core 2 Duo QX9600 Linux

Number of operators(mandatory/optional) Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system Space needed for control station(LxWxH) Weight of control station Power source needed Additional Information 1 1 2 Intel Core Duo Linux 200x200x200 10 kg None, 230V optional

## Vehicle 2

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	Telemx	

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 85 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)
76 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle without mast)
80 cm
160 cm
100 kg
51 cm
20 dP(A)

30 dB(A) 45 degree Both Batteries 24V 0.66 hrs 4 km/h 40 kg

## **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Video & Data downlink
COFDM Transmitter

Device 2	Data uplink
Туре:	
Frequency	
Possible frequency range:	
Power:	1W
Modulation:	
Number of channels	

## Sensor equipment

Laser Vision GPS Inertial measurement unit 3xHokuyo UTM-30LX 2x Telemax cameras, 1XCVBS Cam Topcon Legacy E+ XSens MTi

## Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	Intel Core 2 Duo QX9600
Operating system(s)	Linux

## Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	
Weight of control station	
Power source needed	
Additional Information	

## Vehicle 3

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	TeodorPrime	

#### **Basic data**

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width: Length: Weight: Turning diameter: Ground clearance: Average noise level: Climbing performance: Wheel or track driven: Propulsion: Endurance: Max. speed: Payload: 155 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.) 155 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle without mast) 72 cm 130 cm 300 kg 10 cm 40 dB(A) 50 degree

Track Batteries 0.66 hrs 3,6 km/h 100 kg

#### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Device 2 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels Data Link WLAN 802.11b 2400 MHz 2400 to 2500 MHz 0.1W GMSK/8PSK/QPSK/16QAM 13

Emergency Halt Emergency Halt 434.1 MHz 422 to 435 MHz 0.01W FM 64

### Sensor equipment

Laser Vision GPS Inertial measurement unit 43xHokuyo UTM-30LX, 1xSick LMS 511 2xTelemax Manipulator Cam, 1x USB cam XSens MTi-G XSens Mit-G

## Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	Intel Core 2 Duo QX9600
Operating system(s)	Linux

## Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station:	
Number of operators(mandatory/optional)	1
Number of computers	1
Number of CPUs	2
Type of CPU	
Operating system	Linux
Space needed for control station(LxWxH)	
Weight of control station	
Power source needed	
Additional Information	

# SCentRo

## **Team Information**

Team name:	SCentRo	
Team leader:	Jacques Penders	
Team leader's email:	j.penders@shu.ac.uk	
Nationality	United Kingdom	
Website	http://www.scentro.ac.uk	
Location:	Sheffield	
Institution/Company:	Sheffield Centre for Robotics (University of Sheffield and Sheffield Hallam University)	
Adress:	SHU, Howard Street, S11WB Sheffield	
Tel.:	+44 1142253738	
Fax:		

## Competition

Competition	Reconnaissance and surveillance in urban structures
	Mobile manipulation for handling hazardous material
	Search and rescue in s smoke filled underground structure

## **Team Description**

Around 6 PhD students from Sheffield Hallam University and the University of Sheffield

## Vehicle

Picture of vehicle		
Name of vehicle	PIONEER P3 AT	

#### Basic data

Height (max):

Height (min)

Width:
Length:
Weight:
Turning diameter:
Ground clearance:
Average noise level:
Climbing performance:
Wheel or track driven:
Propulsion:
Endurance:
Max. speed:
Payload:

100 cm (Total height from ground to top, including antennas etc.)
27.7 cm (Total height from ground to top of the vehicle
50 cm
62 cm
12 kg
11 cm
20 degree
Wheel
Batteries
2.4 hrs
0.7 km/h
12 kg max.

### **Communication equipment**

Device 1 Type: Frequency Possible frequency range: Power: Modulation: Number of channels

Video, Zigbee, RS232 and RS485 Radio 5.8 MHz, 900 MHz, 868 MHz 750 MHz to 1 GHz 1W --4 Channels

### Sensor equipment

Laser Vision Radar Inertial measurement unit HOKUYO URG IR Camera Microwave Doppler Radar Meters Odometry Sensors 8 Sonars Variable Typ

## Computing equipment on vehicle

Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU Operating system(s) 2 2 Intel Dual Core 2.56 GHz Linux/Windows 7

## Basic data about control station

Pictures of control station: Number of operators(mandatory/optional) Number of computers Number of CPUs Type of CPU

Operating system Space needed for control station(LxWxH) Weight of control station Power source needed 4 4 4 Intel 2.56 GHz Dual Core X 2, Intel 3.3 GHz Quad Core X 2 Linux/Windows 7 1000 x 1000 cm(LxWxH)

Plugs (as many as possible)

